

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY 0610/61

Paper 6 Alternative to Practical

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

Published

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Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme:

- ; separates marking points
- / alternatives
- I ignore
- R reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- AW alternative wording
- AVP any valid point
- ecf credit a correct statement / calculation that follows a previous wrong response
- **ora** or reverse argument
- () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
- <u>underline</u> actual words given must be used by the candidate (or grammatical variants of them)

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(a)	one table drawn with lines;	5	
	correct column/row headings (time and temperature);		
	appropriate units (°C <u>and</u> minutes) in the header only;		
	correct temperatures recorded for beaker A;		
	correct temperatures recorded for beaker B;		

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(b)(i)	temperature differences: Beaker A = 12.5 °C, Beaker B = 20 °C;	4	
	divide both temperature differences by 5 (minutes);		
	A =2.5, B =4;		
	correct units (°C/min);		
1(b)(ii)	the greater the volume of the body the smaller the rate of heat loss/ref to speed (e.g. slower)/ora;	2	
	rate of heat loss in A is less than beaker B/ora;		
	appropriate data quote comparing A and B ;		
	the greater the volume of the body the greater the (total) heat loss/ora;		
1(c)(i)	any 2 from:	2	
	temperature of environment;		
	size/volume of beaker/shape;		
	starting temperature of water;		
	time intervals/1 minute to record temperature;		
	total time/5 minutes for investigation;		
1(c)(ii)	idea of time taken for the thermometer to reach the water temperature is longer;	1	

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(c)(iii)	error: drawing the line accurately/judging the water level against the line/measuring height (rather than volume); improvement: measure the volumes of water/AW;	2	A not measuring volume I different sizes unqualified A beakers of different sizes would mean volumes would be inaccurate for the error and using identical beakers for the improvement
1(c)(iv)	gloves;	1	A any suitable safety precaution
	heat mats under beakers;		
	goggles;		
	use tongs;		
	wear a lab coat;		
	standing up throughout the investigation;		

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Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(d)	any 6 f	rom:	6	
	1	identical containers / containers of equal volume / containers of equal size;		
	2	same volume of water in each container;		A same depth
	3	same starting temperature for the water;		
	4	idea of placing (containers) in 2 or more different temperatures;		A named places
	5	detail of method to keep external temperature constant, e.g. use of water-bath or a fridge and explanation;		
	6	measure temperature in each container for the same time/measure temperature in each container at set intervals;		A time how long it takes for temperature to fall a set number of degrees
	7	repeat and calculate an average/mean;		A repeat to identify anomalies
	8	calculate/compare rate of heat loss (for each temperature);		

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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1(e)(i)	A(xes) – labelled with units;	4	
	S (cale) – even scale and plots to fill half or more of the printed grid;		
	P(lot) − all points plotted accurately ± ½ square ;		
	L(ine) – line joining all the points ± ½ square ;		A points joined by ruled lines / curved line of best fit R bar chart or if line extrapolates beyond the plot points
1(e)(ii)	as temperature increases (rate of) sweating increases / ora;	2	A higher temperature, more sweat
	idea of increasing rate of increase as temperature rises/not a linear relationship/not directly proportional;		A exponential increase
	Total:	29	

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Question	Answer		Mark	Guidance	
2(a)				4	4 or 5 correct = 4 marks
	letter	genus of flower			3 correct = 3 2 correct = 2
	A	Geranium			1 correct=1
	В	Sorghum			
	С	Draba			
	D	Fuschia			
	E	Dactylis			

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2(b)(i)	O(utline) – single clear lines and without shading;		
	S (ize) – occupies at least half of the space provided;		
	D (etail) to show anther and filament in approx. the correct proportion (anther approx. half the length of filament);		
	L(abel) to both anther and filament/stamen;		
2(b)(ii)	length of filament on Fig.2.2 with units = 27–31 mm;	3	A measurements in cm
	length of filament on drawing with units;		A ±1 mm for their measurement
	correct calculation from candidates figures;		ecf for correct calculation from incorrect measurements
	Total:	11	